

THE SUPERMARKET MUSEUM: Food Solidarity 2030+ WEB DOCUMENTARY: WWW.SUPARMARKETMUSEUM.AGROPERMALAB.ORG

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project curated by:

AGRO-PERMA-LAB FOUNDATION (Poland) www.agropermalab.org

Grassroots organisation, integrating political and popular education in Agroecology, Permaculture and Food Sovereignty. We design inter-sectorial trainings for community leaders, activists and educators, develop community research tools, conduct pilot innovations in food systems and publish educational audio-visual materials.

in collaboration with:

Asociación La Bolina (Spain), www.labolina.org Permakultura na Ukrainie (Ukraine), www.permaculture.in.ua Lebende Samen, Living Seeds (Germany), www.lebendesamen.bio Asociace místních potravinových iniciativ (Czech Republic), www.asociaceampi.cz



project partners:

Biennale Warszawa, www.biennalewarszawa.pl Nyeleni Polska - Food Sovereignty Poland, www.nyeleni.pl

co-financed by: Culture of Solidarity Fund, European Cultural Foundation www.culturalfoundation.eu



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AGRO-PERMA-LAB thanks the international collective of artists and permaculture educators and supporting organisations for making this experimental collaboration happen in the context of extraordinary circumstances of the COVID-19 pandemic.

exhibition curators:

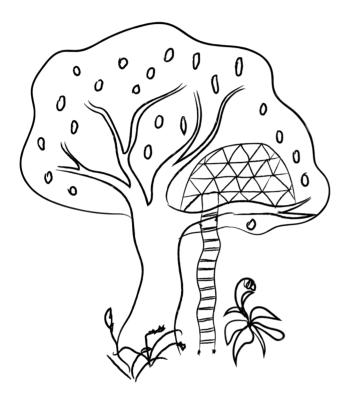
Supermarket Museum: Weronika Koralewska Garden in Your Hands: Joanna Bojczewska



One of all Clemens Büntig

Looking into the rhizome-shaped stem of an acanthus... There is a connection of all seeds, individuals, ideas, ideologies with the mother plant and with the mother soil. Interestingly enough, acanthus leaves used to be the aesthetic basis of the capitals in the Corinthian (ancient Greek and Roman) order of architecture. Clemen's work has been chosen to be a logo of the Supermarket Museum project as the one that resonates the most with the idea of interconnectedness.

GARDEN PATH Garden educators' manifesto



Most people have been led to believe that largescale, chemical agriculture is the only way to feed our growing population. However, the United Nations has repeatedly reported that small farmers consistently grow 70% of the world's food supply on less than 30% of the world's agricultural resources while the remaining 30% is produced by industrial/chemical farming which consumes 70% of the resources.*

After nearly 80 years of experimenting with the supermarket culture, we can see that it is not able to feed humanity in the long run. Built on the glitz of comfort, speed and cheapness, the *convenience store* model detracted significant parts of society from the need to cultivate the land keeping imperceptible the negative effects on the exhaustion of natural resources. The practical knowledge of food growing is largely lost in many European populations. Food is, however, the source code for the functioning of our civilization and the growing of plants and animal husbandry, have an amazing power of transformation. Fortunately, we are now seeing a whole lot of grassroots innovations in food production emerging. They are correlated with the nascent awareness of our place in the Earth's ecosystem.

The educators have various missions including empowering entire communities to create collectively a regenerative, sustainable and fair food growing system for all. Our goal is to search for the rays of light breaking through the cracking shell of the old order and by finding harmony in them, building a sensible pattern of a new societal DNA of human inscription into the biosphere of our planet. The potential ahead of us is to redirect growth towards higher, non-material, non-destructive paths.

Small visions matter. The work of weaving together creative imaginations to rise to the challenge is the tiny seed that becomes the tall tree given time and tending. We may not be there to see it's blossom but we can do the planting. Let's begin by renewing our relationship with the soil, food and community, together with the little ones, to see the Earth, bountiful and healthy again. We are the ones we've been waiting for.**

*https://www.etcgroup.org/sites/www.etcgroup.org/files/ files/etc-whowillfeedus-english-webshare.pdf **https://www.awakin.org/read/view.php?tid=702







Learn food growing:

Global Ecovillage Network

The Global Ecovillage Network is a global association of people and communities dedicated to living "sustainable plus" lives by restoring the land and adding more to the environment than is taken. Network members share ideas and information, transfer technologies and develop cultural and educational exchanges. Its mission is to "to innovate, catalyze, educate and advocate in global partnership with ecovillages and all those dedicated to the shift to a regenerative world." An ecovillage is an intentional, traditional or semi-urban community that is consciously designed through locally owned, participatory processes in all four areas of regeneration (social, culture, ecology and economy) to regenerate their social and natural environments. Ecovillages come in all shapes and sizes, and can be found across the world: from traditional villages using age-old techniques, to modern settlements built with the latest in ecological innovations.

Since feeling is first: Ecosystemic Intelligence and Permaculture Education

Joanna Bojczewska

This project suggests that to learn about nature is first to feel – to look, hear and feel beyond our own selves. Learning food-growing can be a deeply transformational practice for the individual consciousness and for the planet Earth.

The film and the accompanying audio-recordings are created to promote the idea of cultivating ecosystemic intelligence, which permaculture and agroecology help us to develop. Ecosystemic intelligence is both a personal disposition and a type of distributed, collective orientation with a swarming effect – tilted towards healing.

The film *Indeed, it was a paradise* is a metaphor of the ongoing destruction of the planet's Earth abundant biodiversity habitats, which we all know about. This poetic, visual story contrasts scenes of lush garden commons with unanalyzed robotic destruction. It asks whether our longing for mastery and growth needs to be so fatal: *Can growth be redirected towards non-ac*-

quisitive search for deeper knowledge of self and nature? The audio-recordings Since feeling is first are guided exercises for cultivating modalities of feeling and perception suitable for ecological context, such as food-growing and gardening in a more general sense. They will aid the learner in relaxing into an ecosystemic awareness and knowing. The instructions are integrated from various sources including scholarly research, meditation traditions and personal experience.

The project suggests that the economic transformation needs to go hand in hand with the inner re-evaluation of our ethical and spiritual relationship with the land, the Mother Earth, and with ourselves. *Indeed, it can be a paradise again.* The wisdom is within us.

We need to Look, Hear and Feel – anew and afresh. We can all act upon this now. We are the ones we've been waiting for.





Learn food growing: Newentrants to farming

The question of Who will grow our food? has been a pressing one for various forecasters of future food production and land use. The current European farmers are a greying population. More than half of European farmers are in the retirement age range, and those under 35 amount to a mere 7%, putting the inter-generational farm continuity and knowledge-sharing under a big question mark. Many senior farmers have no successors in their family and have no identified successor outside of it. Those, who would like to take up agriculture as a way of life face the challenge of uneasy access to land and often cannot afford the initial land purchase and farm setup investment. Who is going to fill the gap between generations of European farmers in the era of the climate crisis - is an issue as urgent as it is critical issue for the future of our food.

Attitude analysis and (Eight)finity lessons on learning of growing food

Iryna Kazakova

Fears and prejudices are the reasons that prevent people from starting new activities, such as growing their own food. The story therapy aims to debunk the myths about growing food, soften or even eliminate prejudices about this process, and allows you understand it better. You will find seven real-life stories that will open you up to different ways how to start growing food and how permaculture can change your life. The eight one is Iryna Kazakova's toolkit, in which you will find the explanation of how to use Attitude analysis and how to find an infinite number of lessons in each story you hear from people.



Learn food growing:

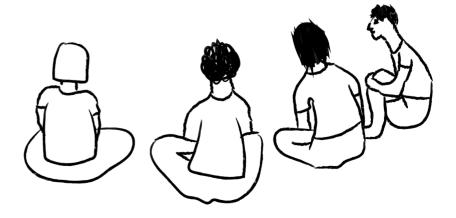
Permaculture courses

Permaculture can be learned & practiced everywhere and by everyone. It's open to newcommers with different bacgrounds who look for alternative ways of living in harmony with their surroundings, other people and their own selves. Permaculture includes philosophy and methodology to achieve sustainability in life & environment. Its versatility encourages both experienced farmers and amateurs to learn & practice it. Access to knowledge and information promoted in line with one of the core values of permaculture – sharing – leads to many stationary and online courses organized throughout Europe. Beginners can start their adventure with one of the courses offered locally or online; for more advanced learners there is an option of Permaculture Design Certificate, Permaculture Diploma or Permaculture Teachers training, whilst those who have no space to commit their time to attend regular classes can use hand books or join events at local community gardens or farms, among others. Mapping permaculture initiatives, organizations and habitats is both important and very useful in many ways. For permaculture amateurs, the existing and developing permaculture provide great resource for finding education centers, internship & volunteer opportunities to make the first step in practice.

Positive garden psychology for beginners

Marcelina Haremza

The objective of the project is, on the one hand, to encourage novice gardeners, and, on the other, to remind educators how difficult it is to be a novice and what problems such people face. Novice gardeners are most often people from the younger generations, living in apartments without access to a garden. Their main problem is that they are absolutely disconnected from nature, devoid of family gardening traditions and related garden skills. A significant social problem raised by the education system is perfectionism resulting in fear of failure - which is a strong mental barrier and a cause of procrastination. Besides, young people do not trust their intuition, which makes it difficult for them to find themselves in the enormous amount of information and knowledge they need to acquire to successfully cultivate a garden. It is a very overwhelming experience for them. So to help them, the result of my work are three films. The first one is intended for people who would like to start but have not yet found enough motivation to grab a spade. The second one is aimed at people who have their own garden but are a bit lost in the complexity of gardening issues. The third video, made spontaneously, is a garden meditation, which I hope is brimming with my fascination with permaculture and with the ability to observe calmly.





Learn food growing:

Community gardens

A community garden can be urban, suburban, or rural. It can grow flowers, vegetables—or community. It can be one community plot or many individual plots. Community gardens are where the residents of a community are empowered to design, build, and maintain spaces in the community.

Community gardens are gardens which are collectively run by a group of people (usually not with a professional background in gardening) and are often located in city centres using fallow areas. They serve several key functions:

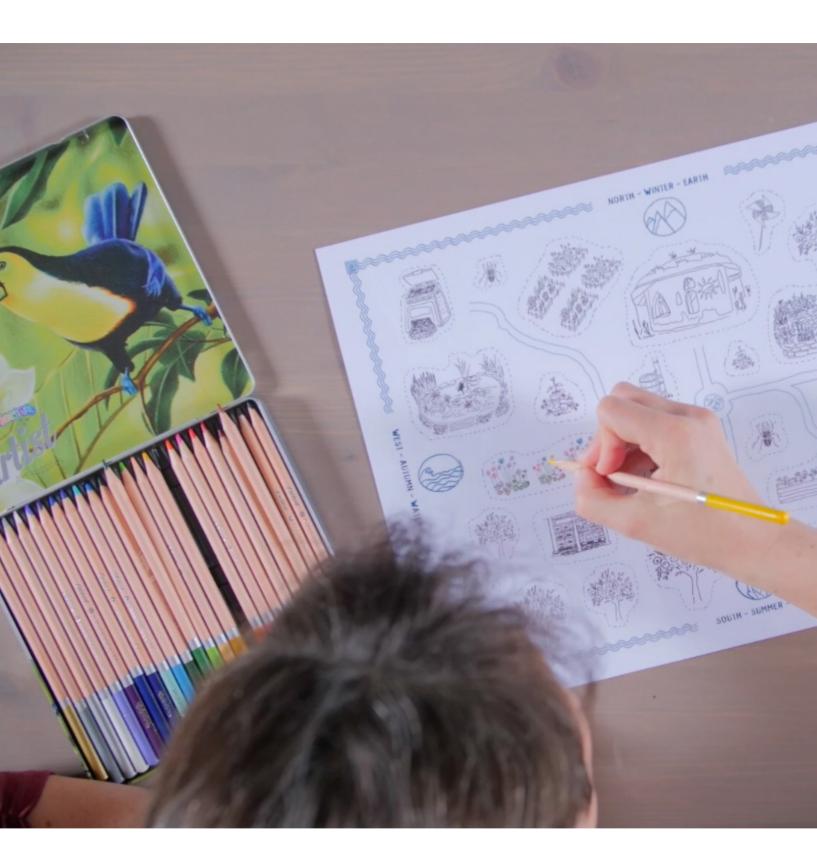
nurture awareness of possible independence from global food markets

radically empower local food production by citizens themselves

provide knowledge and skill sharing space for food sustainability topics

Allow experimenting with new forms of community-building and neighbourhood solidarity.







Create your dream garden

Jana Koznarova

It used to be quite common for each school to have a school garden and an educational kitchen. These schools also included educational subjects enabling students to gain experience in practical areas such as cooking and growing. Over the last 20 years, these subjects have disappeared from teaching – and growing in the gardens vanished as well. Why is it like this? Because food is easily available, there are supermarkets, we have fast food chains, the price of feedstock is underestimated? New generations of children often no longer spend time in the garden with their parents, won't weed a flower bed together with their grandparents, or simply pick a strawberry.

Let's start renewing our relationship with soil, land, and landscape together with the little ones. Let's restore school gardens and get teachers and students out of the class to learn outside.

An inspiring activity guide for all school residents can help you with this. On one hand, you can learn what a closed cycle of food is and, thanks to recommended activities and questions, try out how to start it at school. On the other: there is the idea of a cutout. Here are some elements that should not be missing in the school garden. Set in the world, connected with the elements and the seasons, which allow you to plan your dream garden. Be inspired by the placement of the elements, color them, cut them out and create your own plan of the *school* garden. And, of course, not just the school one.

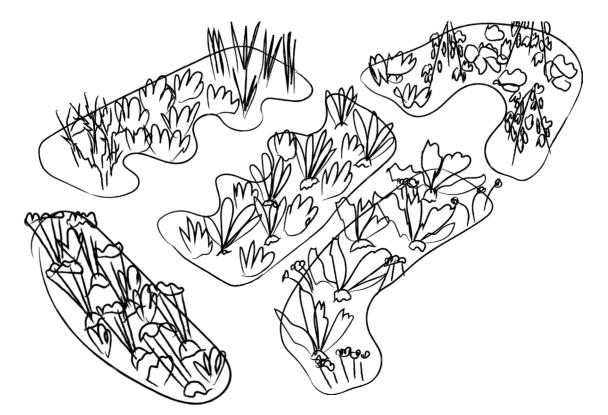
Collectivity, migrations and food growing educator's role

Habiba Youssef

This exhibit will, in a visual and synthetic way, share some knowledge and ideas to take into consideration by food educators as change makers in the framework of the food production system.

The educators have various missions including empowering citizens and farmers and providing them with information, tools and knowledge to be pro-active actors to create collectively a regenerative, sustainable, and fair food growing system.







Learn food growing:

Food Sovereignty

Food Sovereignty puts the aspirations and needs of those who produce, distribute and consume food at the heart of food systems and policies rather than the demands of markets and corporations. There are a few different approaches to define Food Sovereignty. Some activists and scholars call it a movement, others prefer to define it as a food system or a concept. What underlies all of these approaches is Human Rights. The most comprehensive definition that puts Human Rights at the centre of the Food Sovereignty is the one provided by the Declaration of Nyeleni developed during the first global forum on food sovereignty in Mali in 2007: "Food sovereignty is the right of peoples to healthy and culturally appropriate food produced through ecologically sound and sustainable methods, and their right to define their own food and agriculture systems. It puts the aspirations and needs of those who produce, distribute and consume food at the heart of food systems and policies rather than the demands of markets and corporations."



Permaculture in Commercial Agriculture via Concept 1-11: One Prerequisite and 11 Fields of Actions

Immo Fiebrig

While Permaculture was originally devised by Bill Mollison and David Holmgren for small scale subsistence farming or gardening as a part of a lifestyle and a hobby, beneficial effects of permaculture's regenerative concept are going to appeal to the mainstream once become implemented on a larger scale – in commercial farming.

The twelve seminal permaculture principles – summarised graphically by David Holmgren – are a combination of inductive and deductive guidelines. While they may be useful as precepts of an ecologic philosophy, they bear little service to a farmer producing for a market.

Immo Fiebrig, interviewed by Tomas Remiarz, presents a chart covering eleven fields of actions on the land that can be related to permaculture's ethic principle of Earth Care. These fields of actions also fall under the topic of Environmental Protection (ecology) of the Brundtland Report, inline with the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Immo's Concept 1-11 was developed following the launch of the first permaculture food label, real-Permakultur, in Germany, jointly by the organic wholesaler Lehmann natur GmbH and the Real GmbH supermarket chain in 2016.



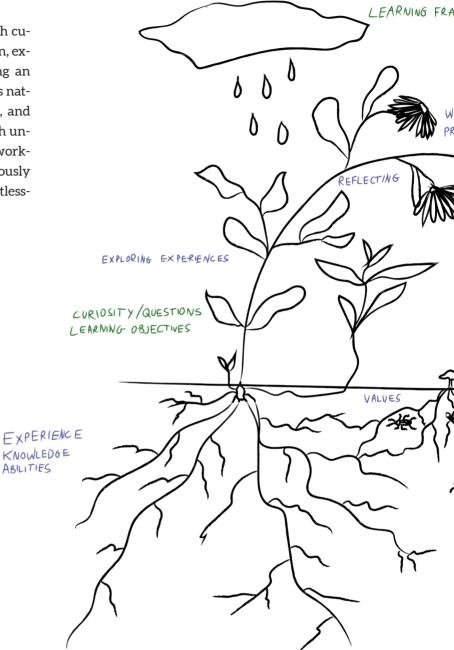
Learn food growing: Graduate and postgraduate food system courses

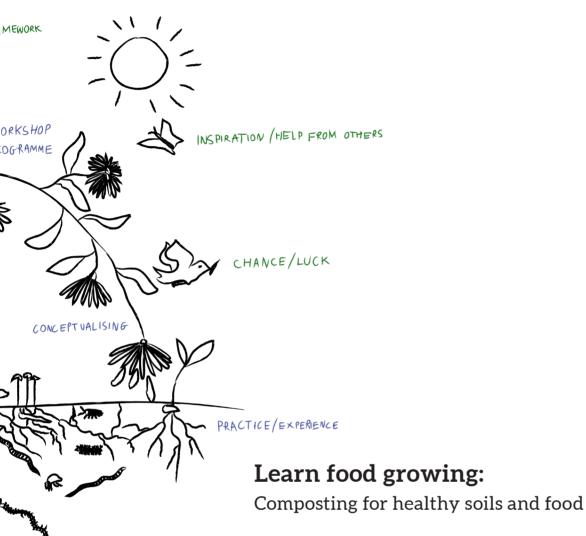
Structure and functioning of today's world food system have become a subject of extensive academic research and activism. More and more European educational institutions offer graduate and post-graduate courses focused on the socio-cultural and economic aspects of food production, distribution & consumption. Universities and research centres provide analysis and recommendations on the direction, challenges and possible alternative to the current dominating system. What stands at the centre of the critical approach to this system is transformation from non-efficiency and short-sightedness to sustainability that brings back the balance between people, planet and economy.

Learning the natural way: Experiential learning cycles in joint learning on farms

Susanne Hofmann-Souki

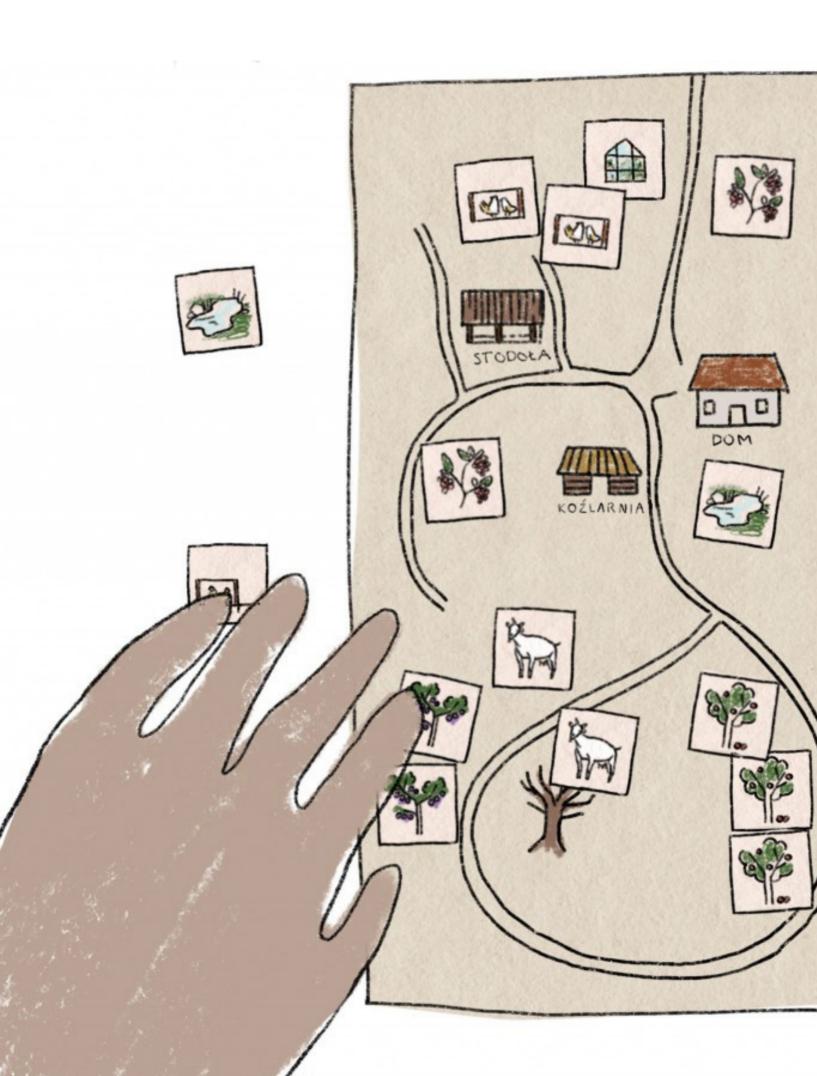
Children show us how to learn with ease: through curiosity, trial and error – that is, through motivation, experience, reflecting the experience, and planning an improved experience. This way of learning occurs naturally without us realising that it's taking place, and most of our applicable knowledge stems from such unconscious processes. If learning processes – be it workshops, courses or gardening groups – are consciously designed in such a cyclical way, we can learn effortlessly and make our joint knowledge visible.





Modern society has changed fundamentally way food circulates. In nature, nothing is wasted and when a fallen leaf or piece of fruit decomposes, it feeds microorganisms and fungi in the ground. These in turn convert it back into nutrients and soil, from which new plants can grow. Cities, however, have their ground concreted over, and biodegradable waste is often mixed with non-recyclable trash, rotting in massive areas of landfill and polluting the environment. This is a dead-end street. There is, however, a way to begin transforming the food waste system, and that is by urban composting. There are multiple reasons to compost and many cities have al-

ready adopted Compost-Centred policies. In Milan, a C40 case study, the circular economy of food waste has been tackled from home - to the composting facility -and back to a backyard garden. In less than two years Milan established the largest residential food waste collection city-wide in Europe, involving nearly all residents. Domestic food waste is picked up from residents in compostable bags twice a week and transferred to larger facilities for anaerobic digestion. All transport is carefully organised to minimise fuel consumption and traffic, whilst citizens can use a dedicated app to stay informed and updated.



Small permaculture farm as a place for reconnection

Daniel Pacek

The foundation and main aim of the project is to provide teenagers addicted to computer games a possibility of experiencing system thinking and interconnectedness.

The idea is to introduce these concepts to them through real life events. This would take a form of an organized workshop devoted to trials on gamification of the farm life.

The attendees would firstly be presented with the ideas and principles governing a permaculture farm. Then they would try to implement the newly gained knowledge to manually create a form of a board game.

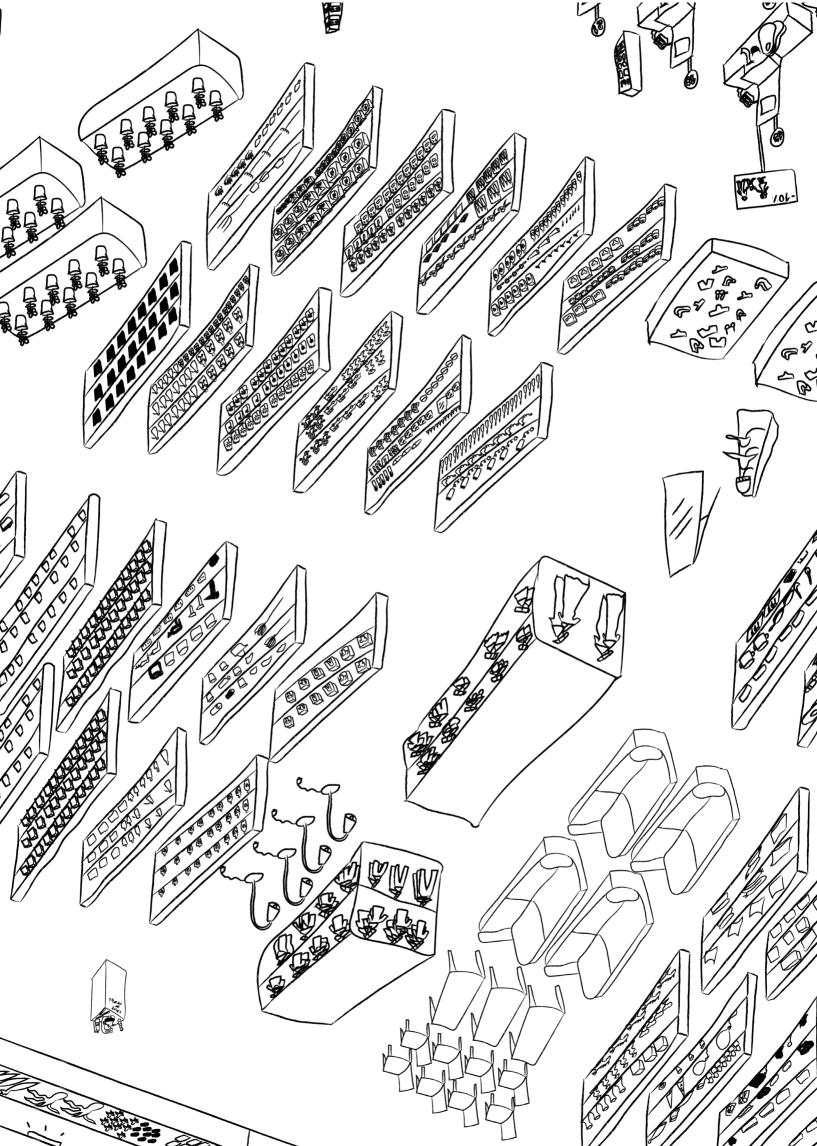
The second step would be to organize a workshop on the actual farm whose model they tried to design previously, showing them the context of a real farm with the obvious links and references to what they were outlining and making manually before.

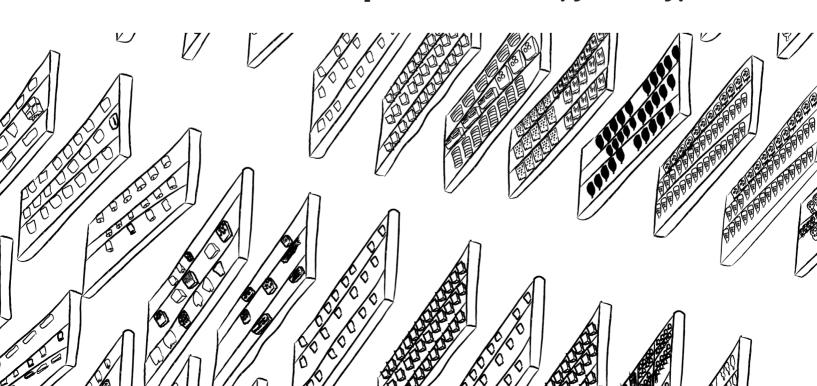
Learn food growing: WWOOFing on organic farms

Worldwide Opportuninties on Organic Farms (WWOOF) is a volunteer-led movement bringing together people interested in organic farming (WWOOFers) and organic host farmers. The movement facilitates communication between these groups to arrange short or longterm visits to the farms around the world. During the visits the WWOOFers practice and learn new skills in organic farming while the host farmers get help in their daily activities, share their knowledge & experience as well as get access to new ideas, methods and technology. WWOOF is organised nationally and covers 130 countries on all 7 continents. Visitors choose the region they are interested in and communicate with a particular farm to plan their stay.









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3. SUPERMARKET.

·səsuənbəsuos may be too late to deal with their remain heavily threatened, until it the bases of our common existence diversity imperceptible. As a result, ative effects on soil, water, and biopermarket culture renders the negindustrial agri-food systems, the sucealing the environmental costs of remain hard to digest. Skilfully connomic and ecological implications Its destructive social, cultural, ecothe land in mindful stewardship. society from the need to cultivate el has detracted a significant part of efficiency, the supermarket mod-With its seemingly unmatchable redistribution. production and old world order in terms of food permarket culture - the apex of the On the one hand, we have the su-

4. EMERGENCE.

On the other hand, nearly across the whole world, new sustainable, grassroots forms of food production and redistribution are dynamically emerging. They are correlated with the nascent awareness of our place in the Earth's ecosystem. Permaculture, agroecology, urtem.

> Our world is a nexus of interconnections, mutual influences and interrelations. Nothing demonstrates it more than societal relationship

> > 1. INTERCONNECTEDNESS.

ongoing co-evolution of nature eco-

tion, and food systems underpin the

for the functioning of our civilisa-

with food. Food is the source code

systems and societies.

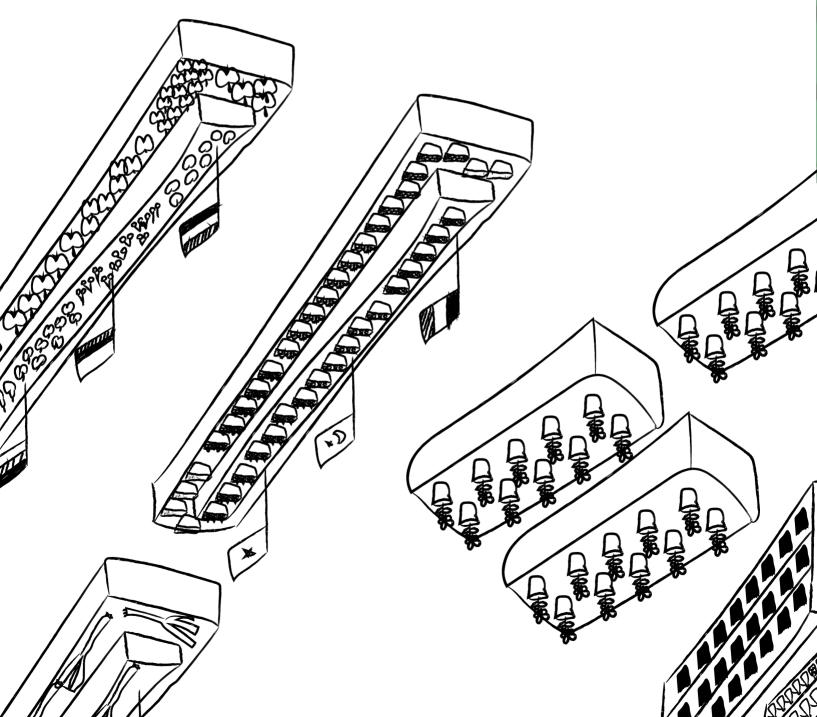
be more stark. resources of planet Earth could not ing world's population with limited tive models of feeding the growcontrast between the two alternathe land and our communities. The ships with each other, connected to intimately nested in our relationglobal trade, versus the view of food material with caloric measure for as an anonymous commodity, a raw battling between the model of food damental meaning of food. We are -nut and noiteau to question the fungrowth paradigm set by global capas a a result of the 20th century Holocene balance we are seeing The multiple disruptions to the **2. MODELS.**

ban agriculture and cooperativism, are just a few approaches, in which ings and ecosystems is honoured. Based on ecological design principles and regenerative feedback opps, they create cultural blueprints for interconnecting anew in-

dividual and planetary health.

5. REIMAGINE.

can do the planting. there to see it's flourishing, but we en time and tending. We may not be tiny seed becomes the tall tree givtowards economies of wellbeing. A al, non-destructive paths of growth and ecologies towards non-materitial of redirecting our economies the heart. We are seeing the potenthe principles of food solidarity at ward environmental spiral with -nwob sht travni lliw tsht ANG lsts ly-informed patterns of a new socione step towards finding ecologicalgether our creative imaginations is first place. The work of weaving tochanged as fast as it appeared in the for only a few decades. It can be market culture has been with us Small visions matter. The super-



Sensory marketing: Light

bright red colouring at home or bakery doesn't look so wheat on your table, be sure it is not your kitchen's fault.

There are dozens of lights to force you to buy products: entrance light, dry food and non-food products, accent lighting with special colours for meat, fish, bakery, cheese and fruit and vegetables, lighting for industrial or retail applications, and many other types.

Grocery store lighting enhances the beauty of food and attracts the consumer's attention to well-displayed products. Appropriate lighting makes food appear savoury. 'Light can deliver an amazing customer experience. And customer experience delivers revenues for your perience delivers revenues for your business.' This is how Supermarket business.' This is

needs the right colour. If you found that tomatoes you bought do not dazzle you with their

The unobvious difference

Ігупа Салгузћ апд Ігупа Кагакоча

The supermarket system falsifies the inevitability of technological ways of producing food. How can a supermarket have such an influence on the agricultural sector? Food retailers have become influential gatekeepers of the food trade. By choosing which suppliers can sell through their stores and what types of food consumers can buy there, they increasingly influence the conditions under which the food is produce (Agrifood Atlas, 2017, 0.30).

What is more, the supermarket system deprives food of spiritual and social context, at the same time misedu-

cating young generations about the origin of food.



Seeing them there

Asociación la Bolina

The society of consumers tends to instill in their members a willingness to accord other people the same - and no more - respect as they are trained to feel and to show to consumer goods, the objects designed and destined for instantaneous, and possibly untroubled satisfaction, with no strings attached.

.(Sygmunt Bauman, Consuming Life).

Who can you see (besides yourself, in the mirror) when you are doing shopping? Whom can you meet, to whom can you talk? The supermarket culture of anonymity destroys human-to-human connection. It also destroys local markets. What is more, the apparent wealth of supermarket chains is built on the shoulders of poor, exploited farmers and migrant workers. an industrial

process of LAND USE than agriculture.

All on the ground

Asociación la Bolina

The supermarket culture is destroying communities and human-friendly lifestyles and habits. What is more, it falsifies the inevitability of technological ways of producing food, miseducating younger generations about the origin of food. However, there are still places in the world where all this true knowledge is available,

open, and at one's fingertips.





They don't know where they live, what they e

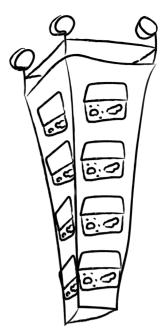


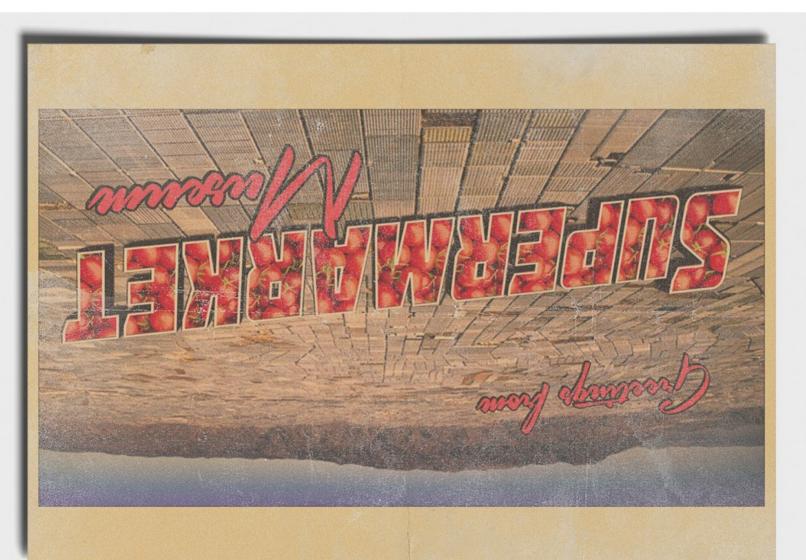
So I am encouraging people to buy lo



Ryska Postcards from Postcards from

The supermarket supersizing and uniformed modus operandi is closely correlated with industrial ways of producing food: not only animals are being kept in inhumane conditions, but also plants suffer on monoculture plantations, and with them the soil and all the flora and fauna, which by nature knows no monoculture farming or chemical spraying. It seems to be incorrect to use the word agriCULTURE anymore, because we live in the times where the producers are engaged more in an industrial process of LAND USE than agriculture.





Sensory marketing: Design

Everything in the supermarket has its aim: colours of the walls, music in the speakers, size and arrangement of aisles, even lines and patterns on the shop floor. You can say, there are two important aspects ambient complexity. Are you wonderone likes crowded stores. Especially if you one likes crowded stores. Especially if you are British. Scientists say if you come to a crowded supermarket, you spend less time shopping and do less impulse shoptime shopping and do less impulse shop-

social and more nervous. Moreover, there are two important aspects related to the design. The first one is the order. It refers to clarity, legibility, and coherence. The second one is the ambient complexity. The ambient com-

plexity is related to the diversity, variety, ornaments, and amount of information shown. Those two things create a feeling of a welcomeness and a bigger probability of buying. How? The complexity generates visual wealth while order organizes all these diversity making things clear and increasing the consumer's interest towards the store.

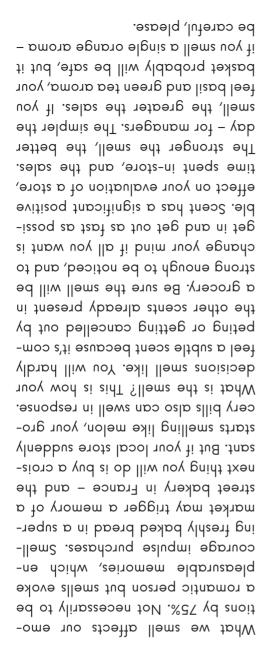
Do you notice that most stores move customers from right to left? Because of your practice of driving on the right side of the road, this flow of the items you are most likely to buy tends to be on the right hand side of the aisles, you are conditioned to through the aisles, you are conditioned to wove up and down each aisle without deviating.

Кузка **BEST VAEUE DISCOUNT SALE!**

tues and vices. belong, boosts their self-esteem, and plays on their virture has its own language that feeds on people's need to its of uselessness and unsustainability. Consumer cul--mil advertised - thus testing the limcreating demand for products that would not be needing methods, including greenwashing techniques and Supermarkets use many types of aggressive market-

up as a compulsion or an addiction. wants. What starts as an effort to satisfy a need must end that they cannot but give birth to yet new needs/desires/ ly, by satisfying every need/desire/want in such a fashion light except by perceptive investigative journalists: namein the semi-shade and is seldom brought out into the limeway to do the same thing, and yet more effectively, stays into the universe of the consumers' desires. But another consumer products shortly after they have been hyped of achieving such an effect is to denigrate and devalue terms, their unhappiness) perpetual. The explicit method the non-satisfaction of its members (and so, in its own Consumer society thrives as long as it manages to render

(Sygmunt Bauman, Consuming Life)





IləmZ Sensory marketing:

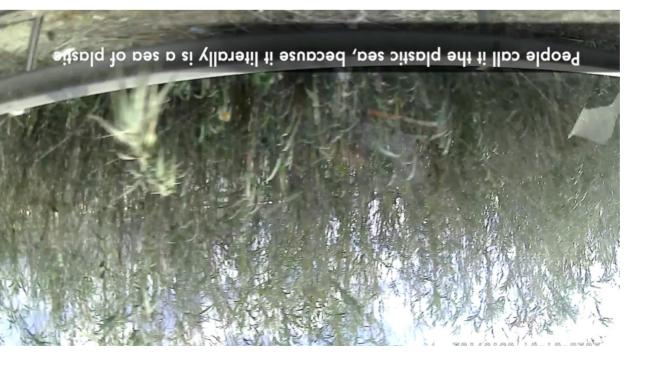
ip the morning! Always have fresh food we throw away everything in the evening.

XHHOM L,NOC

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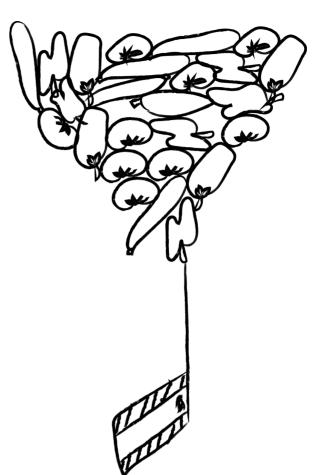
12196217 SSENTLEFYIS DEN



Disconnect

Asociación La Bolina

Melissa Cate Christ). of the Sun: A Report on Almeria's Miracle Economy by per year (2009), half of which are exported (This Garden "plastic sea" produces almost 3 million tons of vegetables Dalías, and in the higher Campo de Nijar, this so-called ed primarily in the low-altitude plains of the Campo de nis. With nearly 27,000 hectares of green-houses, locaters with their source of tomatoes, peppers and zucchimovie "Disconnects" intends to reconnect the viewand so do all of the industrial ways of producing it. The are harmed by it remains hidden from the consumers, of the supermarket systems and the many lives that ing the food. The information about economic effects it-making and achieving the cheapest ways of producworkers, since the producers only care about prof-The supermarket system is violating the dignity of

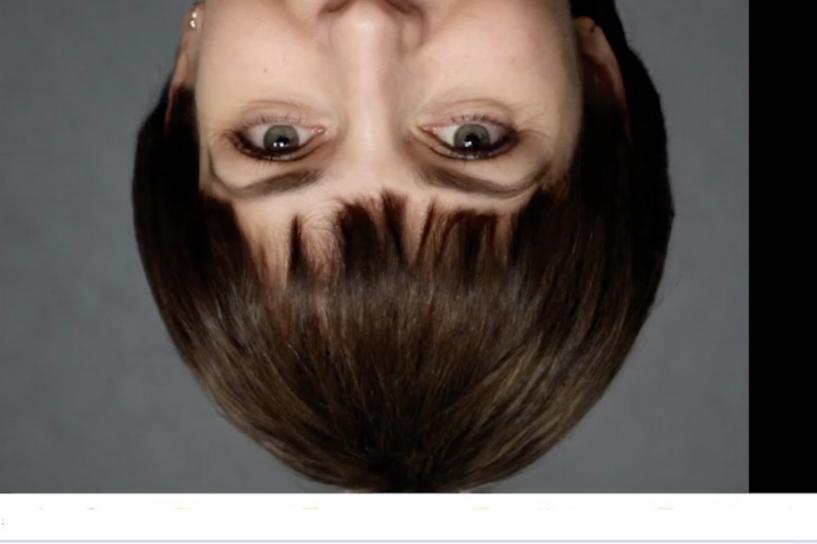




and the people who grew it will earn less than I cent per cabbag

Sensory marketing: Taste

why you teel the need to give something back to a smiling girl or boy. Free samples also pique our appetite, a free bite of chocolate reminds you how good it tastes and ple stations and other displays slow you down while exposing you to new products. And, as you have already known: more time in the supermarkets means more purchases. Everybody loves free food. Research has shown that 75% of people take free samples when offered. Companies also love free samples because and free free samples because who has just given us free food! Free samples are so effective because they operate at a subconscious level and trigger our deeply embedded instinct for reciprocity. That is ded instinct for reciprocity. That is



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Colour **Sensory marketing:**

agers. Why? Because they know for sure the sixty-two to ninety percent of the time spent by a person choosing a product is because of its colour.

Of course, if you are British, Polish, or Spanish, you may show different reactions to the same colours, but ange, yellow) are associated with you know a lot of supermarkets with red brick street walls and grey-blue red brick street walls and grey-blue puilt by the same designer – it just puilt by the same designer – it just puilt by the same designer knows how means that the designer knows how

Brick or warm exterior and cool blue interior – the most effective way to attract your attention and increase time spent and buying speed. If you suddenly feel higher blood pressure, sweating, increased heart and breathing rates, or want to kill someone, do not think it is just you. Colour ers not only physical reactions, but also emotional. Supermarkets found this as one of the preferred methods within the professional environment because of its easy implementation and small cost.

It you teel the change in the emotional state, want to have a snack, don't want to have a snack or absolutely lose the sensation of time, you can blame the supermarket's man-



Chosely individuality

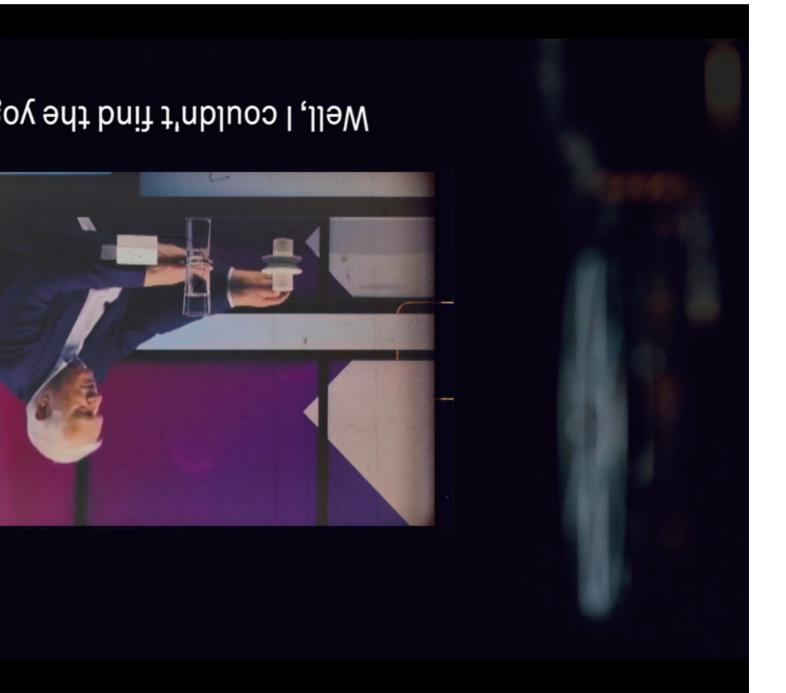
Ігупа Кагакоvа

The consumerist supermarket system is full of paradoxes. One of them is that most of the consumers want to be special and express their uniqueness and individuality, yet they end up buying the same products as bilphotos from "https://thispersondoesnotexist.com/" project. The people presented in the video have never existed. They have been created by an Artificial Intelligence (Generative Adversarial Networks).

Sensory marketing: Little things at the till

in and bought it. permarket tills and 75% have given children to purchase junk food at suparents have been pestered by their but for your children as well. 83% of pulse buys. It works not only for you, permarkets do it to encourage imtreats and magazines at the till. Suthen... You can always find sweet about restocking regular items, but beginning, you are more concerned ly during this part of the way. In the impulse and indulgent items exactous. You are more likely to shop for shopping trips is the most dangerwant it? The last one-third of your checkout areas. So, do you really when supermarkets remove it from Shoppers buy 17% less junk food

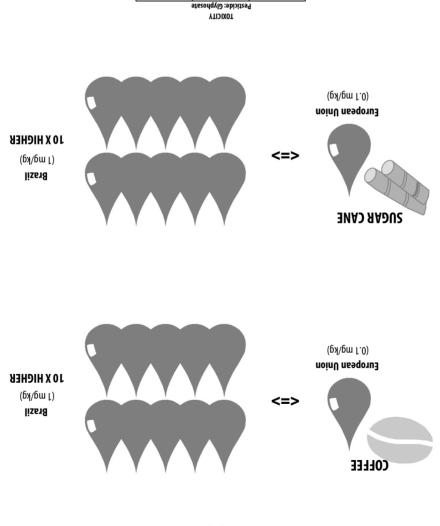




Ryska Ryska

Vaclav Klaus, a former President of Czech Republic can be viewed as a symbol of neoliberalism. Being one of the most prominent economists during the transformation era, he was the Jace of the economic transformation to capitalism in Czech Republic, in 1990s. What are his thoughts on supermarkets in 2021?

THE EUROPEAN UNION VS. BRAZIL MAXIMUM RESIDUE LIMIT - MRL / GLYPHOSATE (herbicide) (mg/kg)



CHRONIC

ACUTE

ENVIRONMENTAL

The taste of tropics

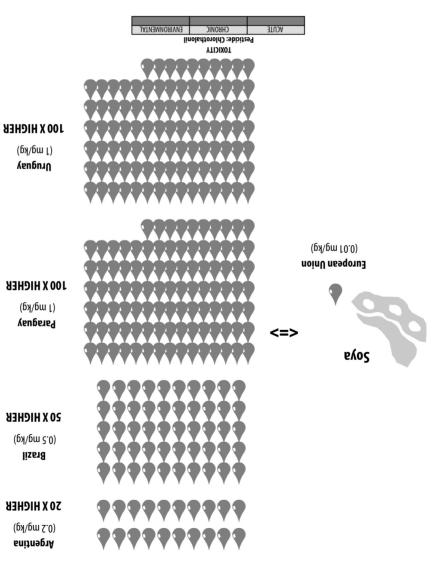
Marina Weis

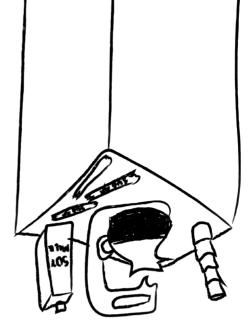
energy to ignore the shocking reports and information. For example, ignoring the fact that there are thousands of agrotoxins behind colorful attractive supermarket products takes effort, while this energy of suppression has a potential of being channeled elsewhere: the most radical thing any of us can do at this time is to be fully present to what is happening in the world.

(Joanna Macy, ecophilosopher)

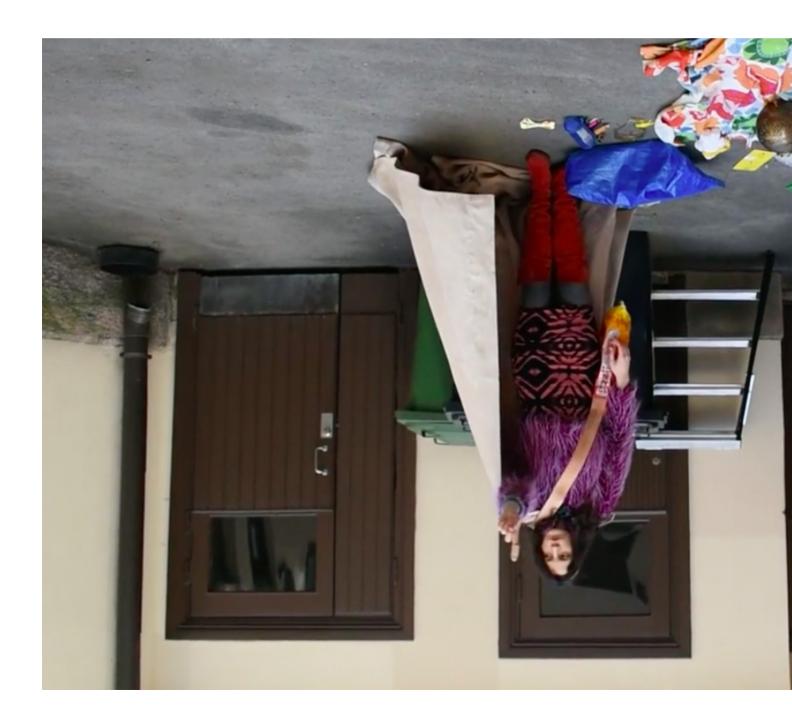
Each supermarket product is interconnected with so many lives, substances, and processes, most of which remain hidden for consumers. Yet, the way the ingredients are produced is not reflected in the list of ingreecosystems are also not visible in the package. People live in a twofold doublethink world, where they dedicate so much of their mental

YAUDUAY, VRUDAAAQIL, BRAZIL, PARADAY, UNUGUAY, ARUDAYA, ARUDUAHT (fungicide) (m9/kg)





Source: European Comission |https://ec.europa.eu/; 2020 and IBAMA: http://www.ibama.gov.br/agrotoxicos/; 2020 Senasa |https://www.argentina.gob.ar/les/Imrsjulio2020xlax; 2020 and |https://capeco.rg.py/limites-maximos-de-residuos/ Organisation: Dr. Larissa Mies Bombardi Design: Eduardo Dutenkefer, Pablo Luiz Maia Nepomuceno, Paulo R. A. Moraes and Valdeir S. Cavalcante Gonçalves, Nov. 2020 Gonçalves, Nov. 2020



The sacrifice: offering

Kamila Śladowska

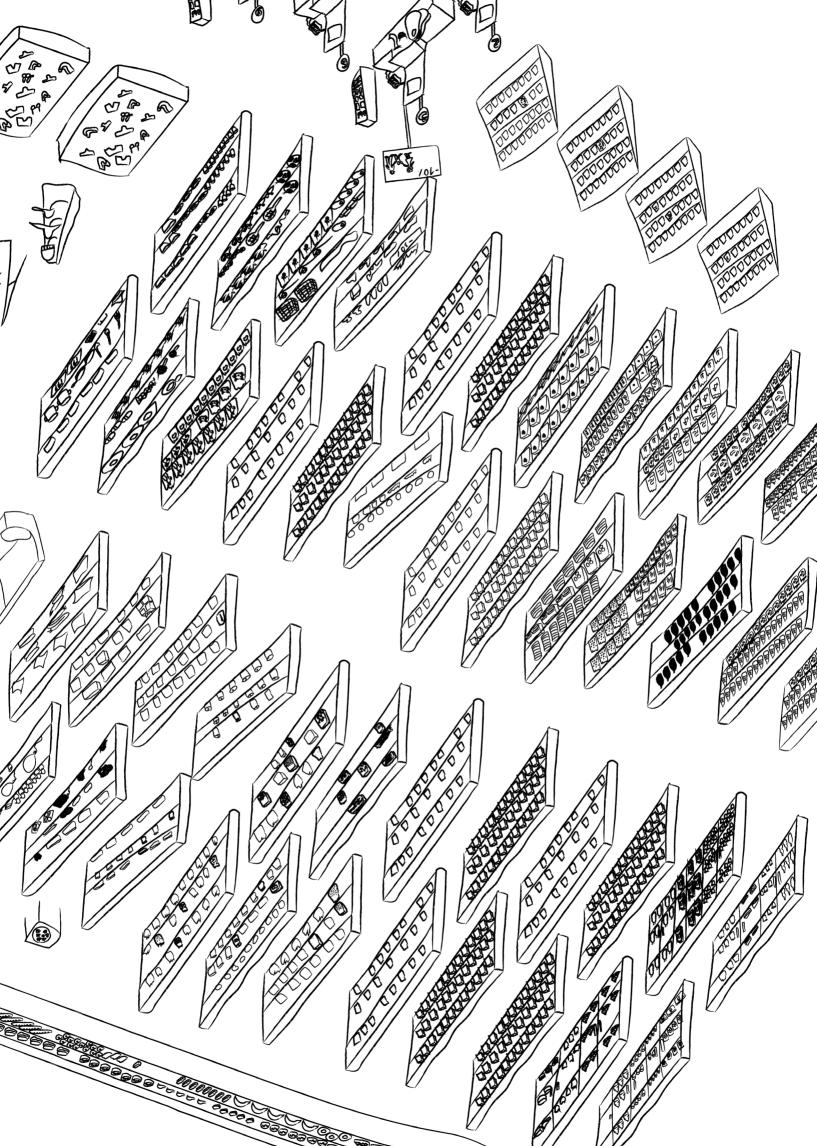
The culture of consumerism seems to have liturgical and sacral dimensions. Many people treat going to a supermarket as their sacred ritual (as if transcendence could be consumed). This sacrum is yet somehow perversive, because later people throw away their sacred objects as if they were not important at all, which only perpetuates the global problem with waste and plastic.



Sound Sensory marketing:

If you like Bach or Chopin and you hear them at your grocery, you definitely buy more and more expensive. Studies have shown that slow and spend more money. Loud music makes them move through the store quickly without affecting sales. And classical music leads people to buy more expensive merchandise. What's more complicated than music? The music in the supermarkets.

background and ethnicity. between musical tastes and cultural trom. There is a strong relationship ters who you are and where you are thing this way. And of course, it matso you can't torce them to buy anyloud or intense music less than men, intention for shopping. Women like sic you know, you will have a higher tity but quality. If you hear the mumoney, but not because of quanshop, be sure you will leave more classical music is playing in a wine means you buy more. If you hear more time in supermarkets, which Slow music encourages you to spend likely to condition the perception. the commercial messages - all are ity effect, the type, the volume, and the rhythm and tempo, the tamiliar-There are 5 aspects that affect us:



ΧΠΟΙΟΟΝΓΧ

Who am I even going to talk to?!

Asociación La Bolina

Can you have a chat with a self-service checkout? The supermarket system is destroying communities and human-scale lifestyles and habits. It damages the social tissue of trust and the natural instinct of relating to people, rather than things. The supermarket culture has caused people to lose sense of interconnection of all of our lives and stories. However, alternatives exist. The suour lives and stories with the sense of interconnection of all of the supermarket culture has a stories. However, alternatives exist. The su-

permarket culture can disappear as fast as it appeared.

The invisible supermarket Anita Murdza

Gravitating towards uni

Gravitating towards uniformization and one fit for all, the supermarket culture does not take into consideration special needs. As opposed to local markets and faceto-face contact and community, the supermarket culture is not capable of being truly friendly towards people with disabilities. The presented soundscape has been recorded by a blind artist during her visit in a supermarket. Through the senses of hearing, smell and touch, the ket. Through the senses of hearing, smell and touch, the artists' main impressions are those of being surrounded

by plastic and overloaded with products.

The taste of the past Blanka Wasiljew

have existed and will exist.

Not such a long time ago, the whole food system was completely different – and so was the taste of strawberries and apples... The habits around food, the ways of producing it, the short chains of production and distribution, food sovereignty – those were the dominating trends only a short while ago. If such a shift from a local way of producing food to the supermarket system has taken place within only few decades, it can take us few decades to create a new system once again. Alternatives decades to create a new system once again. Alternatives

Supermærket VR Byskei and Byske

Martin Matej and Ryska

Supermarkets try to hide information about how the food they are selling has been produced. The industrial ways of producing food brings harm to whole ecosystems - they are destroying biodiversity, climate, soil, human health and the health of other beings. Fresh food, distinctive packaging design, discounts - all of this, along with smiling staff and elevator music, make for a calm and comfortable shopping experience. The huge basket invites you to fill it up, and the supermarket is so huge that you are bound to get hungry sooner or later when you visit.

Supermarket VR offers a mediated experience with contextual build-up of the way of production of a particular food item that appears to the player upon contact with the product. Yum!

Sensory marketing:

цэпоГ

kets means more purchases. known: more time in the supermarproducts. And, as you have already you down while exposing you to new ple stations and other displays slow encourages you to buy it. Also, samreminds you how good it tastes and appetite, a tree bite of chocolate or boy. Free samples also pique our give something back to a smiling girl ty. That is why you teel the need to ly embedded instinct for reciprociscious level and trigger our deeppecanze they operate at a subconfood! Free samples are so ettective person who has just given us tree studies. Do not believe any smiling That's the conclusion of the new es, keep your hands off the goods. nnwanted or unnecessary purchasprofessionals. If you want to avoid κυονιεαθεα pλ τοοα αυα peverage the past, are now increasingly acalthough largely underestimated in The effects of hand-feel touch cues,







SUPERMARKET PATH Artists' manifesto

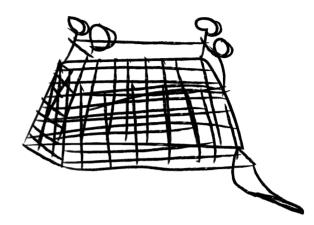
Why did we embark on the journey of creating The Supermarket Museum?

Food is one of the most important needs for every human being. The upcoming food crisis is not a fiction. Today's dominant model of industrial agriculture creates dangerously fragile societies and ecosystems. It is focused on elimination of farmers, globalisation of the countryside and its transformation into global food factories. Yet its accumulated negative effects causing the exhaustion of natural resources remain disconthe exhaustion of natural resources remain disconcertingly imperceptible to significant parts of society. We need solutions that enable producing and

enjoying healthier food, living in harmony with nature and its rhythm, and healing the planet so it can heal us in turn. The COVID-19 pandemic, mass migration, and the climate crisis are showing, like never before, that we have to look for new solutions as well as give voice to those that already exist. Worldwide, new initiatives that operate on the borders of the mainstream or in niches are pioneering the way to attune a new, more sensible and ecologically informed societal DNA to the biosphere of our planet.

The Supermarket Museum and Edible City Warsaw are the fruits of the intersecting collaboration between two entities: Biennale Warszawa and Agro-Perma-Lab Foundation. We propose two different redig food industry and how we can develop and support and existing farmers that appreciate regenerative and ecological principles. Small visions matter. The work of weaving our creative imaginations has the potential to redirect growth towards non-material, non-destructive and not profit-driven paths. Let's act on it now.

> be changed as fast as it appeared. culture has been with us only for few decades and can other systems, alternatives do exist. The supermarket ate the problems of the supermarket culture. We know of greenwashing and sensory marketing only accelertheir spiritual needs via consumption. The phenomena ical ways of producing food and makes people fulfill market system falsifies the inevitability of technologage ecologies and health. What is more, the superfood production, distribution, and waste issues damrespect workers' dignity. The long-chain industrial panies, monopolizes local food systems. and does not the supermarket model destroys small farms and comtion of where the products come from. What is more, they sell. They cause a hyper version of disconnection about the origin and way of production of what supermarkets go to a great length to hide the informamunities and cultural and biological diversity. The ing values of profit-making do not respect local comare destructive in many ways. The system's underlycial, cultural, economic and ecological implications The supermarket food system and its so-



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which this work is used or cited. happy to receive a copy or a link to any work in Foundation (contact@agropermalab.org) will be dered by different authors. The Agro-Perma-Lab sidered as interpretation of complex topics, renprovided in good faith. However, it should be con-The information contained in this catalogue is

aemic. traordinary circumstances of the COVID-19 panmental collaboration happen in the context of exsupporting organisations for making this experilective of artists and permaculture educators and AGRO-PERMA-LAB thanks the international col-

exhibition curators:

Garden in Your Hands: Joanna Bojczewska Supermarket Museum: Weronika Koralewska



Clemens Büntig lls io ခnO

of interconnectedness. Museum project as the one that resonates the most with the idea Clemen's work has been chosen to be a logo of the Supermarket the Corinthian (ancient Greek and Roman) order of architecture. acanthus leaves used to be the aesthetic basis of the capitals in mother plant and with the mother soil. Interestingly enough, a connection of all seeds, individuals, ideas, ideologies with the Looking into the rhizome-shaped stem of an acanthus... There is

> Sensory Marketing: Iryna Kazakova Joanna Bojczewska texts: Learning Food Growing: Magda Jarocka, editing: Joanna Bojczewska moo.fn9re.slo.www fn9rA slO.ingis9b

өз таткед artworks: creators of The Supermarket Museum,

project curated by:

materials. systems and publish educational audio-visual research tools, conduct pilot innovations in food activists and educators, develop community inter-sectorial trainings for community leaders, Permaculture and Food Sovereignty. We design popular education in Agroecology, Grassroots organisation, integrating political and gro.dslsmyermalab.org (bnsloy) NOITADNUOT BAL-AMA34-OADA

in collaboration with:

Republic), www.asociaceampi.cz Asociace místních potravinových iniciativ (Czech oid.nsmsssbnsdsl.www Lebende Samen, Living Seeds (Germany), www.permaculture.in.ua Permakultura na Ukrainie (Ukraine), gro.snilodsl.www, (nisq2) snilod sL nòissisosA



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www.culturalfoundation.eu European Cultural Foundation co-financed by: Culture of Solidarity Fund,







































































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